

Sharyland Independent School District

Audited Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

LONG CHILTON, LLP Certified Public Accountants 4100 North Twenty-third Street McAllen, Texas 78504 (956) 686-3701



SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT August 31, 2015

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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Dr. Noe Oliveira Vice President

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Dr. Noel O. Garza, D.D.S.

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Jose Garcia Board Member

Rolando Peña Board Member

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Robert O'Conner Superintendent of Schools

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CERTIFICATE OF THE BOARD

SHARYLAND HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT, HIDALGO COUNTY

County Number 108, District Number 911, Region Number 1

We the undersigned, do hereby certify	that the	attached annual financial	report for the above
named school district was reviewed and	X	approved	disapproved
for the year ended August 31, 2015 at th	e meeting	g of the board of trustees	of such school district
on the 19th day of January		_, 2016.	
President, Board of Trustees		Secretary, Board	d of Trustees

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SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Annual Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2015

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Sharyland Independent School District Mission, Texas 78572

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sharyland Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributors-Teacher Retirement System as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Texas Education Agency required schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information is the in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1 through J-2. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial

statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Texas Education Agency Required Schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

LONG CHILTON, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Long Chilton, LXP

McAllen, Texas January 15, 2016 This page intentionally left blank.

As management of the Sharyland Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent period by \$62,941,485 (net position). Of this amount \$17,218,822 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, The District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,741,706. Approximately 92 percent of this total amount, \$23,593,912 is available for spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$23,593,912 or 28 percent of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) as opposed to business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has one business-type activity and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and capital projects fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.
- **Proprietary funds.** Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. There are two proprietary fund types. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. As mentioned above in the government-wide definition, the District has one business-type activity or enterprise fund. The second type of proprietary fund is the internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions. The District uses the internal service fund to report activities for its self-funded insurance program and print shop. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be

found on pages 26-28 of this report.

• **Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 29-30.

The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement 54 – "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" is intended to improve the usefulness of the amount reported in fund balance by providing more structured classification.

Previously, fund balance was classified as 'reserved' or 'unreserved'. GASB 54 will change how fund balance is reported. The hierarchy of five possible classifications is as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance
- Restricted Fund Balance
- Committed Fund Balance
- Assigned Fund Balance
- Unassigned Fund Balance

The five classifications of fund balance of the governmental types are defined as follows:

1. Nonspendable fund balance shall mean the portion of the gross fund balance that is not expendable (such as inventories) or is legally earmarked for a specific use (such as the self-funded reserves program).

Examples of nonspendable fund balance reserves for which fund balance shall not be available for financial general operating expenditures include:

- Inventories
- Prepaid items
- Deferred expenditures
- Long-term receivables
- Outstanding encumbrances
- 2. Restricted fund balance shall include amounts constrained to a specific purpose by the provider, such as a grantor.

Examples of restricted fund balances include:

Child nutrition programs

- Technology programs
- Construction programs
- Resources from other granting agencies
- 3. Committed fund balance shall mean that portion of the fund balance that is constrained to a specific purpose by the Board.

Examples include:

- Potential litigation, claims and judgments
- Campus activity funds
- 4. Assigned fund balance shall mean that portion of the fund balance that is spendable or available for appropriation but has been tentatively earmarked for some specific purpose by the Board.

In current practice such plans or intent may change and may never be budgeted, or may result in expenditures in future periods of time.

Examples include:

- Insurance deductibles
- Program start-up costs
- Other legal uses
- 5. Unassigned fund balance shall include amounts available for any legal purpose. This portion of the total fund balance in the general fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

The unassigned fund balance shall be the difference between the total fund balance and the total of the nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance and assigned fund balance.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-66 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 67-73 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$62,941,485 as of August 31, 2015 and by \$64,607,287 as of August 31, 2014.

The	Dist	rict's	Net	Assets	

	Governmental Activities			ness- vities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Current assets	\$ 40,380,587	\$ 41,519,122	\$ 191,632	\$ 138,836	\$ 40,572,219	\$ 41,657,958	
Noncurrent assets	169,423,118	170,137,585	169,692	183,442	169,592,810	\$ 170,321,027	
Total Assets	209,803,705	211,656,707	361,324	322,278	210,165,029	211,978,985	
Current liabilities	10,243,500	12,256,299	3,132	5,169	10,246,632	12,261,468	
Long-term liabilities:	139,247,931	136,511,109		_	139,247,931	136,511,109	
Total Liabilities	149,491,431	148,767,408	3,132	5,169	149,494,563	148,772,577	
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital assets	44,121,432	46,723,916	169,692	183,443	44,291,124	46,907,359	
Restricted	1,431,539	3,753,919	-	· -	1,431,539	3,753,919	
Unrestricted	17,030,322	13,812,343	188,500	133,666	17,218,822	13,946,009	
Total Net Assets	\$ 62,583,293	\$ 64,290,178	\$ 358,192	\$ 317,109	\$ 62,941,485	\$ 64,607,287	

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$44,291,124 as of August 31, 2015 and \$46,907,359 as of August 31, 2014. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$17,218,822 in 2015) and (\$13,946,009 in 2014) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. This surplus is not an indication that the District has significant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term* commitments that are less than currently available resources.

Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased by \$5.39M in 2015 and increased by \$5.68M in 2014. The total cost of all *governmental activities* these years was \$100,277,021 in 2015 and \$94,114,655 in 2014. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$35,164,276 or 35% in 2015 and \$33,998,764 or 36.1% in 2014.

Business activities. The District's total net position increased of \$41,083 in 2015 and \$4,053 in 2014. The total cost of all *business activities* these years was \$194,465 in 2015 and \$209,056 in 2014.

Changes	in the	District	's Net	Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business Activities		Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 2,834,092	\$ 2,821,283	\$ 235,548	\$ 220,003	\$ 3,069,640	\$ 3,041,286	
Op.grants and contributions	13,078,423	14,080,913	-	-	13,078,423	14,080,913	
General revenues							
Property Taxes	35,164,276	33,998,764	-	_	35,164,276	33,998,764	
State grants	50,439,700	48,883,301	-	-	50,439,700	48,883,301	
Other	4,159,295	-	-	_	4,159,295	_	
Transfers in (out), net		13,000	<u> </u>			13,000	
Total Revenues	105,675,786	99,797,261	235,548	220,003	105,911,334	100,017,264	
EXPENSES							
Instruction	53,733,941	50,432,292	_	_	53,733,941	50,432,292	
Instr.Resources & Media Svcs.	1,163,171	1,198,925	_	_	1,163,171	1,198,925	
Curriculum and Staff Dev.	633,249	742,388	-	-	633,249	742,388	
Instructional Leadership	1,777,853	1,573,195	_	_	1,777,853	1,573,195	
School Leadership	4,922,442	4,608,577	-	-	4,922,442	4,608,577	
Guidance, Counseling & Eval.Svcs.	3,832,406	3,616,734	-	-	3,832,406	3,616,734	
Social Work Services	38,377	37,522	_	-	38,377	37,522	
Health Services	(457,887)	575,256	-	-	(457,887)	575,256	
Student Transportation	3,294,686	3,165,223	-	-	3,294,686	3,165,223	
Food Services	5,472,837	5,282,402	_	-	5,472,837	5,282,402	
Extracurricular Activities	6,244,885	4,808,353	-	_	6,244,885	4,808,353	
General Administration	2,506,891	2,579,252	-	-	2,506,891	2,579,252	
Plant Maintenance and Operations	9,242,683	7,994,191	-	-	9,242,683	7,994,191	
Security and Monitoring Services	991,179	872,726		-	991,179	872,726	
Data Processing Services	733,891	755,598	-	-	733,891	755,598	
Community Services	88,549	52,964	194,465	209,056	283,014	262,020	
Debt Service-Interest on Long Term De	4,634,500	5,364,840	-		4,634,500	5,364,840	
Debt Service-Bond Issuance Cost and F	320,396	52,774	-	-	320,396	52,774	
Capital Outlay	667,723	-	_	-	667,723	-	
Payments to JJAEP	11,665	3,526	-	-	11,665	3,526	
Other Governmental Charges	423,585	397,917		15,000	423,585	412,917	
Total Expenses	100,277,022	94,114,655	194,465	224,056	100,471,487	94,338,711	
Total Increase in Net Assets	5,398,764	5,682,606	41,083	(4,053)	5,439,847	5,678,553	
Beginning, Net Assets	64,607,287	58,607,572	317,109	321,162	64,924,396	58,928,734	
Prior period adjustments	(7,422,758)				(7,422,758)		
Ending, Net Assets	\$ 62,583,294	\$ 64,290,178	\$ 358,192	\$ 317,109	\$ 62,941,486	\$ 64,607,287	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,741,706, a decrease of 1,255,247. Approximately 4 percent of this total amount (\$23,593,912) constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is reserved or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) for inventory (\$442,830) 2)to pay debt service (\$87,613), and 3) for

other miscellaneous restrictions and other committed (\$1,617,351).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$24,212,394 while the total fund balance was \$24,925,443. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 28.8 percent of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 29.7 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$1,398,066 during the current fiscal year due primarily to the following:

- Sale of the old student support service facility
- Insurance storm damage settlement

Proprietary funds. As mentioned earlier, the District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at August 31, 2015, amounted to \$188,500. During the year the funds had an increase in net position of \$41,083.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved budget revisions on an operating basis. The major amendments fall into the following categories:

- Amendments to revise estimates for local and state revenue based on the latest information on student attendance numbers and favorable current and delinquent tax collection rates.
- Amendments during the year for unexpected occurrences.
- Amendments throughout the year for renovation/construction projects.

The District made the following amendments to increase budgeted revenue:

Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources \$ 395,949
State Program Revenues (1,979,788)
Federal Progeam Revenues 400,000

Following is a summary of amendments made to increase (decrease) appropriations:

Instructional and Instructional Related Services	\$ 864,438
Instructional and School Leadership	79,822
Support Services -Student (Pupil)	491,091
Administrative Support Services	108,396
Support Services - Non Student Based	94,622
Ancillary Services	(40)
Debt Services	25,750
Capital Outlay	803,825
Other	80,000

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2015, amounts to \$169,423,116 (net of accumulated depreciation), an decrease of 42% over prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, etc. as listed below.

District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	 2015	2014		
Land	\$ 12,496,717	\$	12,610,148	
Buildings and improvements	92,281,915		95,565,783	
Furniture and equipment	7,798,115		8,355,117	
Capital Lease-Furniture and equipment	93,756		102,829	
Infrastructure Assets-Roads	306,170		322,947	
Infrastructure Assets-Networks and Subsystems	138,600		173,250	
Construction in Progress	 56,307,843		53,008,511	
Total capital assets	\$ 169,423,116	\$	170,138,585	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on page 47 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of August 31, 2015, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$112,974,999 a net decrease of \$7,119,509 from the prior year.

The District's bonds have received a rating of "Aaa" by Moody's by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School fund of the State of Texas. The presently outstanding tax supported debt of the District is rated "A2" by Moody's and "A" by Fitch Ratings. The District also has issues outstanding which are rated "Aaa" by Moody's and "A by Fitch Ratings by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10

percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$271,184,674, which is significantly in excess of the District's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 on page 49 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Previously very rapid enrollment growth has subsided to a more sustainable pace, and anticipated future enrollment gains should position the district for additional state funding growth. The District's budget was prepared using prior year's ADA.
- Taxable assessed valuation continues to register gains due to primarily to ongoing residential and commercial development. Although taxable assessed valuation growth has slowed since the pre-recession double-digit rates, the community's existing infrastructure, attractive master planned communities, and strength of our school system position the District for continued growth. The District taxable value for 2015 experienced modest 1% growth when compared to 2014.
- The District has estimated revenues and appropriated expenditures in the 2014-15. General Fund officially adopted budget of \$85,150,325.

Independent Audit

The Texas Education Code, as well as our District policy, requires an annual audit of the District's financial statements by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Trustees. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statues, the financial audit was designed to also meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the provisions of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local governments and Non-Profit Organizations. The independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other schedules are included in the financial sections of this report.

Awards

The Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST) program, a financial accountability system for Texas school districts was developed by the Texas Education Agency in response to Senate bill 875 of the 76th Texas Legislature in 1999. The primary goal of FIRST is to achieve quality performance in the management of school district financial resources, a goal made more significant due to the complexity of accounting associated with the Texas school financial system. The District has been awarded the "Superior Achievement" rating under FIRST since the inception of the ratings. The "Superior Achievement" rating is the state's highest financial rating, demonstrating the quality of Sharyland ISD sound fiscal management.

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REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Sharyland Independent School District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Jaime Ortega Director of Finance Sharyland ISD 1106 N. Shary Road Mission, Texas 78572 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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SHARYLAND ISD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2015

	1	2	3
Data		Primary Governmen	nt
Control		Business	
Codes	Governmental	Туре	
Codes	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	<u> </u>		
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,633,581	\$ 191,632	\$ 28.825.213
1120 Current Investments	5,054,298	Ψ 171,032	\$ 28,825,213 5,054,298
1220 Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	2,860,415	-	2,860,415
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(1,817,548)	-	(1,817,548)
1240 Due from Other Governments	5,203,283	-	5,203,283
1250 Accrued Interest 1290 Other Receivables net	3,550	-	3,550
1290 Other Receivables, net 1300 Inventories	180	-	180
Capital Assets:	442,830	-	442,830
1510 Land	10 406 717		4
1520 Buildings, Net	12,496,717 92,281,915	-	12,496,717
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	7,798,117	169,692	92,281,915
1550 Leased Property Under Capital Leases, Net	93,756	109,092	7,967,809
1580 Construction in Progress	56,307,843		93,756 56,307,843
1590 Infrastructure, Net	444,770	_ _	444,770
1000 Total Assets	209,803,707	361,324	210,165,031
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u> </u>	•
1701 Deferred Charge for Refunding	2,351,805	_	2,351,805
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	2,248,702	-	2,331,803
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,600,507	-	4,600,507
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	2,236,275		2 22/ 225
2140 Interest Payable	165,088	_	2,236,275 165,088
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	2,592,470	3,132	2,595,602
2200 Accrued Expenses	1,229,106		1,229,106
2300 Unearned Revenue	4,031,091	-	4,031,091
Noncurrent Liabilities			· / /- · ·
2501 Due Within One Year	5,261,500	-	5,261,500
2502 Due in More Than One Year 2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	126,405,882	- '	126,405,882
(Didition Diago)	7,580,584		7,580,584
2000 Total Liabilities	149,501,996	3,132	149,505,128
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	2,318,923		2,318,923
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,318,923	<u> </u>	2,318,923
NET POSITION			
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	44,121,432	169,692	44,291,124
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	409,685	-	409,685
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	817,371	- -	817,371
3870 Restricted for Campus Activities	94,483	-	94,483
3890 Restricted for Other Purposes	110,000	-	110,000
3900 Unrestricted	17,030,322	188,500	17,218,822
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 62,583,293	\$ 358,192	\$ 62,941,485
			

SHARYLAND ISD STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

•				Program	n Rev	enues
Data		1		3		4
Control						Operating
Codes		_		Charges for		Grants and
		Expenses		Services	-	Contributions
Primary Government:						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
11 Instruction	;	\$ 53,733,942	\$	411,745	\$	6,633,751
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,163,171		23,222		102,787
13 Curriculum and Staff Development		633,249		-		105,892
21 Instructional Leadership		1,777,853		7,349		149,987
3 School Leadership		4,922,442		61,144		266,725
1 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		3,832,406		17,223		1,110,066
2 Social Work Services		38,377		-		2,252
3 Health Services		(457,887)		225,061		34,940
4 Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,294,686		-		142,743
5 Food Services		5,472,837		1,702,518		3,895,389
6 Extracurricular Activities		6,244,885		340,560		150,431
1 General Administration		2,506,891		22,048		103,449
1 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,242,683		_		247,544
2 Security and Monitoring Services		991,179				· <u>-</u>
3 Data Processing Services		733,891		-		34,748
1 Community Services		88,549		23,222		97,719
2 Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt		4,634,500		-		,
3 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		320,395		_		_
1 Capital Outlay		667,723		_		_
5 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		11,665		_		_
9 Other Intergovernmental Charges		423,585		-		-
[TG] Total Governmental Activities:	_	100,277,021		2,834,092		13,078,423
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:				•		
1 Enterprise Funds	_	194,465		235,548		-
[TB] Total Business-Type Activities:	_	194,465		235,548		<u>-</u>
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	100,471,486	\$	3,069,640	\$	13,078,423
Data	=		===		_	
Control Codes	General Revenue	s:				
Country	Taxes:					
MT		rty Taxes, Levie				3
DT		erty Taxes, Levie		Debt Service	•	
SF		- Formula Grant				
GC		d Contributions	not R	estricted		
Œ		it Earnings				
MI	Miscellan	eous Local and I	nterr	nediate Rever	ıue	
TR	Total General R	Revenues				
CN	Cha	nge in Net Positio	n			
NB	Net Position - Be	ginning				
PA	Prior Period Adju					
NE	Net PositionEnd	ding				

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

_		Cital	iges in Net Positi	лі	
	6		7		8
		Pn	mary Governmen	t	
	Governmental		Business-type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(46,688,446)		-	\$	(46,688,446
	(1,037,162)		-		(1,037,162
	(527,357)		-		(527,357
	(1,620,517)		-		(1,620,517)
	(4,594,573)		-		(4,594,573)
	(2,705,117)		-		(2,705,117)
	(36,125)		-		(36,125)
	717,888		-		717,888
	(3,151,943)		-		(3,151,943)
	125,070		-		125,070
	(5,753,894)		-		(5,753,894)
	(2,381,394)		-		(2,381,394)
	(8,995,139)		-		(8,995,139)
	(991,179)		-		(991,179)
	(699,143)		-		(699,143)
	32,392		-		32,392
	(4,634,500)		-		(4,634,500)
	(320,395)		-		(320,395)
	(667,723)		-		(667,723)
	(11,665)		-		(11,665)
	(423,585)		-		(423,585)
	(84,364,506)		-		(84,364,506)
	-		41,083		41,083
			41,083	-	41,083
	(84,364,506)		41,083		(84,323,423)
	30,806,276		-		30,806,276
	4,358,000		-		4,358,000
	44,172,658		-		44,172,658
	6,219,591		-		6,219,591
	47,451		-		47,451
	4,159,295		-		4,159,295
	89,763,271				89,763,271
	5,398,765		41,083		5,439,848
	64,607,287		317,109		64,924,396
	(7,422,758)		-		(7,422,758)
-	62,583,294	\$	358,192	\$	62,941,486
		<u></u>	550,172	-	<u>□2,7∓1,₹0U</u>

SHARYLAND ISD BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

	•		10		Major			Total
Contr			General	_	Special	Other		Governmental
Code	S		Fund	F	Revenue Fund	 Funds		Funds
	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	23,373,299	\$	2,252	\$ 1,343,664	\$	24,719,215
1120	Investments - Current		4,392,399		-	661,899		5,054,298
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		2,507,959		-	352,456		2,860,415
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(1,592,311)		-	(225,237)		(1,817,548)
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		2,763,611		2,016,501	423,171		5,203,283
1250	Accrued Interest		2,754		-	242		2,996
1260	Due from Other Funds		457,700		-	-		457,700
1290	Other Receivables		-		•=	180		180
1300	Inventories		120,758		-	322,072		442,830
1000	Total Assets	\$	32,026,169	\$	2,018,753	\$ 2,878,447	\$	36,923,369
	LIABILITIES		<u>-</u>			 	_	
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	846,988	\$	926,350	\$ 416,721	\$	2,190,059
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		2,362,800		-	229,670	•	2,592,470
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		-	457,700		457,700
2200	Accrued Expenditures		48,633		· · · -	465,203		513,836
2300	Unearned Revenues		2,552,024		1,092,402	386,665		4,031,091
2000	Total Liabilities		5,810,445	-	2,018,752	 1,955,959	_	9,785,156
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					 ·		
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		756,803		-	106,223		863,026
2602	Deferred Inflow of Resources		533,479		· -	· -		533,479
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,290,282		-	 106,223	_	1,396,505
	FUND BALANCES							
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:							
3410	Inventories		120,758		-	322,072		442,830
3425	Endowment Principal Restricted Fund Balance:		-		-	110,000		110,000
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		_	87,613		87,613
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		_		_	817,371		817,371
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance Committed Fund Balance:		592,291		-	3,205		595,496
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		_			94,484		04.404
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		24,212,394		-	(618,482)		94,484 23,593,912
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	24,925,443	_		 816,263		25,741,706
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	32,026,170		2,018,752	 	_	36,923,367

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHARYLAND ISD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	25,741,706
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease net position.		3,153,434
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of the assets was \$216,025,430 and the accumulated depreciation was \$45,887,847. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net position.	se ne	34,862,267
3 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2015 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	in	1,978,645
The 2015 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	f	(4,941,207)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, eliminating interfun transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	d ,	1,788,448
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	62,583,293

EXHIBIT C-3

SHARYLAND ISD

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10	Major				Total
Contro	ol .		General	Special		Other	(Governmental
Codes			Fund	Revenue Fund		Funds		Funds
	REVENUES:	•						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	32,336,297	\$ -	\$	6,585,133	\$	38,921,430
5800	State Program Revenues		50,943,512	1,858,054	•	2,053,321	•	54,854,887
5900	Federal Program Revenues		891,076	-,,		7,723,712		8,614,788
5020	Total Revenues		84,170,885	1,858,054		16,362,166		102,391,105
3020		-			_		_	
C	EXPENDITURES: urrent:							
0011	Instruction		47,329,139	1,858,054		2,635,163		51,822,356
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,067,383	-		59,032		1,126,415
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		562,203			98,682		660,885
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,729,924	_		69,978		1,799,902
0023	School Leadership		4,850,374	-		67,578		4,917,952
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		2,929,488	-		971,765		3,901,253
0032	Social Work Services		38,655	-				38,655
0033	Health Services		630,780	-		· _		630,780
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		2,836,444	_		_		2,836,444
0035	Food Services			· •		5,575,544		5,575,544
0036	Extracurricular Activities		5,790,821			100,730		5,891,551
0041	General Administration		2,470,140	_		:10,740		2,480,880
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,092,017	-		230,904		9,322,921
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		975,286	_		2,969		978,255
0053	Data Processing Services		740,356	_		,		740,356
0061	Community Services		1,862	_		89,636		91,498
	ebt Service:		2,22.0			0,,000		71,470
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		1,638,129	-		4,110,000		5,748,129
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		152,952	-		4,528,384		4,681,336
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		850	-		319,545		320,395
	apital Outlay:							
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		687,781	-		2,683,584		3,371,365
	tergovernmental:							
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		11,665	-		-		11,665
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		423,585	-		-		423,585
6030	Total Expenditures		83,959,834	1,858,054		21,554,234		107,372,122
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		211,051	•	_	(5,192,068)		(4,981,017)
	Expenditures OTHER BINANCING SOURCES (1989).			 			_	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					25.005.000		55.005.000
7911	Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)		1 212 055	-		35,925,000		35,925,000
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property Transfers In		1,312,955	-		1 000 640		1,312,955
7915	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		4,430,575	-		1,920,648		6,351,223
7916			1 704 709	-		5,169,797		5,169,797
7949	Other Resources		1,794,708	•		-		1,794,708
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(6,351,223)	-		-		(6,351,223)
8949	Other (Uses)		-			(40,764,179)		(40,764,179)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,187,015			2,251,266	_	3,438,281
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		1,398,066	-		(2,940,802)		(1,542,736)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		23,239,886	-		3,757,065		26,996,951
1300	Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance		287,491	-		•		287,491
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	24,925,443	\$ -	\$	816,263	\$	25,741,706
							_	

SHARYLAND ISD

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(1,542,736)
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	:	1,091,373
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2015 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.		10,567,480
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(4,941,207)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.		223,854
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	5,398,764

SHARYLAND ISD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

	Business-Type Activities -	Governmental Activities - Total Internal Service Funds	
	Total		
	Enterprise		
	Funds		
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 191,632	\$ 3,914,366	
Accrued Interest	-	554	
Total Current Assets	191,632	3,914,920	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Furniture and Equipment	- 233,171	-	
Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment	(63,479)	-	
Total Noncurrent Assets	169,692	-	
Total Assets	361,324	3,914,920	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		46,216	
Accrued Wages Payable	3,132	-	
Accrued Expenses		715,270	
Total Liabilities	3,132	761,486	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	169,692	_	
Unrestricted Net Position	188,500	3,153,434	
Total Net Position	\$ 358,192	\$ 3,153,434	
		•	

SHARYLAND ISD

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	Business-Type Activities -	Governmental Activities -
	Total Enterprise Funds	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$ 224,839 10,709	,,
Total Operating Revenues	235,548	8,089,108
OPERATING EXPENSES:	W	
Payroll Costs Professional and Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Other Operating Costs Depreciation Expense	162,416 415 11,569 6,315 13,750	5 1,534,162 2,861 5 5,463,036
Total Operating Expenses	194,465	7,002,850
Operating Income	41,083	1,086,258
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments		5,115
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	-	5,115
Change in Net Position	41,083	1,091,373
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	317,109	2,062,061
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 358,192	\$ 3,153,434

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHARYLAND ISD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	В	Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities -	
		Total	_	Total	
		Enterprise		Internal	
		Funds	5	Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	11110				
Cash Received from User Charges	\$	233,511	\$	8,089,108	
Cash Received from Assessments - Other Funds		-		5,115	
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(162,831)		(1,536,951)	
Cash Payments for Suppliers		(11,568)		(2,861)	
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses		(63,125)		(5,671,150)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating			_	77	
Activities		(4,013)		883,261	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		52,797		883,261	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		-		•	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	52,797	\$	883,261	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	_				
Provided by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income:	\$	41,083	\$	1,086,258	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income					
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		13,750		_	
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Assets and Liabilities:					
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		(1,876)		(75,598)	
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		(160)		(131)	
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Interest		()		(218)	
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expense		_		(127,050)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating		-	_	(121,000)	
Activities	<u>\$</u>	52,797	\$	883,261	
					

SHARYLAND ISD STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 81,678	\$ 468,487
Investments - Current	-	254,513
Accrued Interest	12	76
Total Assets	81,690	\$ 723,076
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	4,350	\$ 26,539
Due to Student Groups	· <u>-</u>	696,537
Total Liabilities	4,350	\$ 723,076
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Scholarships	81,662	
Unrestricted Net Position	(4,322)	
Total Net Position	\$ 77,340	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHARYLAND ISD STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	Private
	Purpose
	Trust Fund
DDITIONS:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 18,478
Transfer In	2,000
Total Additions	20,478
EDUCTIONS:	
Other Operating Costs	24,800
Total Deductions	24,800
Change in Net Position	(4,322)
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	81,662
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 77,340

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Sharyland Independent School District's (District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulation of the State of Texas. A seven-member Board of Trustees governs the District that is elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Additionally, the District complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Educational Agency (TEA) Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Board of Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Sharyland Independent School District. The governing Board derives its powers from the statutes of the State of Texas and the rules and regulations of the Texas State Department of Education. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB in its Statement No.14 as amended by GASB 61. "The Reporting Entity." The District has no component units.

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated by type and reported as non-major funds.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to longevity pay, claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State of Texas are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

When the Districts incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Unearned revenue is reported in the governmental funds when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measureable' and 'available' criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes; state funding under the Foundation School Program and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for specific programs funded by the federal or state government, food service, and debt service.

Major Special Revenue Fund. This fund accounts for state funding for Instructional Materials Allowance (IMA).

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund. The District's self-funded medical and workers' compensation insurance plans provided for the benefit of eligible employees. The plans are intended to be self-supporting and contributions for premiums are increased periodically to cover the cost of claims, insurance premiums and administrative fees.

The Enterprise Fund accounts for After-School Day Care Programs.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund. These are used to account for donations for scholarship funds that are received by the District that are to be awarded to current and former students for post-secondary education purposes.

The Agency Funds. These are used to account for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District, and consist of funds that are the property of student groups or others.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund and after school care funds is charges for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rate of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposits.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirement of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The District's general policy is to report money market investment and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost basis measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factor, it is reported at fair value. All other investment are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a high value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The Act determines the type of investments, which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligation of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities, (2) certificates of deposit and share certificates, (3) fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (4) a securities lending program, (5) banker's acceptances, (6) commercial paper, (7) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, (8) guaranteed investment contracts, and (9) public funds investment pools. The district policy authorizes all the State allowable investments.

2. Receivable and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds."

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible. Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between general and debt service funds based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowance for uncollectible tax receivables within the general and debt service funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Accrued liabilities include amounts accrued for salaries and for self-insurance claims.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost and they include consumable custodial, maintenance, transportation supplies. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed rather than when purchased. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Agriculture and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received in the governmental funds. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Prepaid items are payments made for services that benefit periods beyond the current year.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, building, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the lives of the assets are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Land and Road Improvements	20
Buildings	50
Building improvements	7-25
Vehicles	8
Furniture and Equipment	5-20
Capital Lease Equipment	12
Computer equipment	5

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three types of items which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the first item, unavailable revenue from property taxes, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Second is the deferred inflow of unavailable SHARS revenues. Third is a deferred inflow or resources related to pensions.

6. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net assets.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activity or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using effective interest methods. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance cost, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service. Longevity pay is accrued in the government-wide financial statements and reported in the fund financial statements when matured.

8. Fund Balance

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

There are two major categories of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The District has inventories and prepaid items that are considered nonspendable. The District does not have any nonspendable funds related to endowments.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, there is a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- Restricted: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed: fund balances that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action through the adoption of a resolution by the Board of Trustees, which is the highest level of decision making authority in the District. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contract obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

- Assigned: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose. The Board has by Local Policy CE authorized the Superintendent, or his designee, to assign fund balance. The Board, Superintendent or designee may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. An additional action does not have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.
- Unassigned: fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

10. Internal Service Fund Activity

Because the principal users of the internal service activities are the District's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. Only the net profit or loss before investment income is allocated to the operating programs benefited. The investment income is combined with other unrestricted income as general revenue in the statement of activities.

11. Accounting System

In accordance with the Resource Guide, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which meets at least the minimum requirements prescribed by the State board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure prescribed by TEA in the Resource Guide. Mandatory codes are recorded in the order provided in that section.

12. Data Control Codes

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The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the FASRG. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statement filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

13. Pension

The District is a member employer of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and, therefore, records its proportionate share of the pension liability and related accounts in these financial statements. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus an full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

14. New Accounting Standards Adopted

In fiscal year 2015, the District adopted five new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board:

- Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25
- Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27
- Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations
- Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees
- Statement No. 71, Pension transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

Statement No. 67 establishes financial reporting standards, but not funding or budgetary standards, for state and local government defined benefit pension plans and defined contribution pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements (Pension Trusts) in which:

- 1. Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- 2. Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- 3. Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, and the pension plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit pension plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For defined benefit pension plans, this Statement establishes standards of financial reporting for separately issued financial reports and presentation as pension trust funds in the financial statements of another government, and specifies the required approach to measuring the pension liability of employers and any employer contributing entities for benefits provided through the pension plan (the net pension liability), about which certain information is required to be presented.

Distinctions are made regarding the particular presentation requirements depending upon the type pension plan administered. For defined contribution plans, the Statement provides specific note disclosure requirements. The adoption of Statement No. 67 has no impact on the Districts financial statements.

Statement No. 68 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting, but not funding or budgetary standards, for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions provided to the employees of state and local government employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements criteria detailed above in the description of Statement No. 67. This Statement replaces the requirement of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans within the scope of the Statement.

The requirements of Statement No. 68 apply to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered though trusts or equivalent arrangements as described above, and to the financial statements of state and local governmental non employer contributing entities that have a legal obligation to make contributions directly to such pension plans. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and RSI requirements about pensions also are addressed. For defined benefit pension plans, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected befit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

The adoption of Statement No. 68 has no impact on the District's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the contribution amount determined legislatively for the TRS plan. The calculation of pension contributions is unaffected by the change. However the adoption has resulted in the restatement of the District's beginning net position of the government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of its proportionate shares of the collective (TRS) pension expense, collect (TRS) deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and a net pension with the provisions of the Statement. The Statement requires numerous new pension disclosures in the notes to the financial statements and two new 10-year, pension-related charts as required supplementary information.

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NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Statement No. 69 improves financial reporting by addressing accounting and financial reporting for government combinations and disposals of government operations. The term "government combinations" is used to refer to a variety of arrangements including mergers and acquisitions. Mergers include combinations of legally separate entities without the exchange of significant consideration. Government acquisitions are transactions in which a government acquires another entity, or its operations, in exchange for significant consideration. Government combinations also include transfers of operations that do not constitute entire legally separate entities in which no significant consideration is exchanged. Transfers of operations may be present in shared service arrangements, reorganizations, redistricting, annexations, and arrangements in which an operation is transferred to a new government created to provide those services. There was no impact on the District's financial statements as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 69 Statement No. 70 was issued to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and received nonexchange financial guarantees.

The Statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. The Statement requires a government that has issued an obligation guaranteed in a nonexchange transaction to recognize revenue to the extent of the reduction in its guaranteed liabilities. The Statement requires a government that is required to repay a guarantee obligation to continue to a guaranteed obligation or legally assuming the guaranteed obligation to continue to recognize a liability until legally released as an obligor. When a government is released as an obligor, the government should recognize revenue as a result of being relieved of the obligation. This Statement also provides additional guidance for intra-entity nonexchange financial guarantees involving blended component units. There was no impact on the Districts financial statements as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 70.

Statement No. 71 amends Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Since the measurement date of the pension plan was different than the District's fiscal year-end, the measurement date of the plan as an increase in deferred outflow of resources.

NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provision

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Debt Service Fund;

The Debt Service Fund expenditures were funded through its reserves.

NOTE 3 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position, of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name	Amount	Remarks
Capital Projects	\$ 680,115	District will be funding the deficit with General fund money

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Disclosures Related to Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is that risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in possession of another party. The Public Funds Investment Act, the District's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments.

To be eligible to receive funds from and invest funds on behalf of an entity under this chapter, a public funds investment pool created to function as a money market mutual fund must mark its portfolio to market daily, and, to the extent reasonable possible, stabilize at a \$1 net asset value. If the ratio of the market value of the portfolio divided by the book value of the portfolio is less than 0.995 or greater than 1.005, portfolio holding shall be sold as necessary to maintain the ratio between 0.995 and 1.005.

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities and letters of credit in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Cash Deposits

At August 31, 2015, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$29,375,377 and the bank balance was \$30,397,629. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2015 and for the year then ended August 31, 2015, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or letters of credit and by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

A reconcilement of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position for the primary government follows:

Cash on hand	\$ -
Carrying amount deposit	29,375,377
Investments	5,308,810
Less: Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	 (804,678)
Cash and Investments Statement of Net Position	\$ 33,879,509
Exhibit A-1	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,825,212
Investments	 5,054,297
Cash and Investments Statement of Net Position	\$ 33,879,509

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a. Depositories: BBVA Compass Bank
- b. The market value of securities and letters of credit as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$60,016,476.
- c. The highest combined balance of cash, saving and time deposits accounts amounted to \$50,867,620 occurred during the month of January 2015.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balances was \$250,000.

C. Investments

Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas allowed by Chapter 2256 Public Funds Investment and Chapter 2257 Collateral for Public Funds of the Government Code.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The District's management believes that it complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policies.

During the fiscal year the District maintained investments in various pools. Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investment in Pools were maintained and reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

At August 31, 2015, the District's investments reported at fair value summarized below:

Description	Weighted Average <u>Maturity</u>	Reported Amount	Fair Value
Governmental Funds			
Logic Investment Pool	60 days average	\$ 2,399,740	\$ 2,399,740
Compass Bank-Money Market	30 days average	39,269	39,269
Texpool Investments	47 days average	1,019,327	1,019,327
TexPool Prime Investments	35 days average	1,850,475	1,850,475
		\$ 5,308,810	\$ 5,308,810

D. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the district's investment policy and the Texas Public Funds Investment Act and actual rating as of year-end for each investment.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investment or Investment Type		Amount	Rating	Exposure
Logic Investment Pool Compass Bank-Money Market	\$	2,399,740 39,269	AAA-m BBB	45.2%
Texpool Investments		1,019,327	AAA-m	0.7 <i>%</i> 19.2 <i>%</i>
TexPool Prime Investments		1,850,475	AAA-m	34.8%
	\$	5,308,810		

E. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. Portfolio diversification is employed in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer, as a way to control risk. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, mutual funds and investment pool are excluded from this requirement.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Significant receivables for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows.

A. Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and those expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

The 2014 assessed valuation was \$2,711,846,739.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between the general fund and debt service fund based on the tax rate approved by the Board. For the year ended August 31, 2015, the rates were \$1.1700 and \$.1655, respectively, per \$100 of assessed value.

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES (Continued)

	General	Debt Service	
	_ Fund	Fund	Total
Total Taxes Receivable	\$2,507,959	\$ 352,456	\$2,860,415
Less: Allowance for			
Uncollectible	(1,593,841)	(223,707)	(1,817,548)
Net Receivable	\$ 914,118	\$ 128,749	\$1,042,867

Due From Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments and agencies are as follows:

	General	Other Funds	Total
Due from other governments			
Texas Education Agency	\$1,638,067	\$2,300,652	\$3,938,719
Medicaid Program (SHARS)	533,479	-	533,479
Other	592,064	139,020	731,084
Total	\$2,763,610	\$2,439,672	\$5,203,282

Unearned revenues

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities on the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenues recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenues were:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Foundation Revenue	\$ -	\$ 1,794,244
State and Local Grants	 _	2,236,847
	\$	\$ 4,031,091

NOTE 6 - DISAGGREGATION OF OTHER RECEIVABLE/ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Other receivables and accrued liabilities as of August 31, 2015 for the District's individual major, nonmajor, and internal service funds in the aggregate are as follows:

Other Bessivables		General Fund		Major Spec. Rev. Fund		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	I	Proprietary Fund		Total
Other Receivables										
Misc.	\$	-	\$	-	\$	180	\$	_	\$	180
Total	\$		\$		\$	180	\$	<u> </u>	\$	180
Accrued Expenses										
Wages and Deductions Payable	\$	2,362,800	\$	_	\$	229,670	\$	3,132	¢	2,595,602
Claims Payable		. , ,	•	_	•	227,070	Ψ		Φ	-
Total	4	2,362,800	Ф.		_	200 (70		715,270		715,270
Total	—⊸—	2,302,800	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	229,670		718,402	_\$	3,310,872

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended August 31, 2015, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	ĺ	T		_		Ending
Governmental Activities:		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		•						
Land	\$	12,610,147	\$	2	\$	(113,430)	\$	12,496,717
Construction in Progress	•	53,008,510	7	3,299,333	Ψ	(113,430)	Φ	56,307,843
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	65,618,657	- \$		\$	(113,430)	\$	68,804,560
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	131,850,127	\$	41.048	\$	_	\$	131,891,175
Furniture and Equipment		17,938,990	•	999,789	Ψ	_	φ	18,938,779
Capital Lease-Furniture and Equipment		108,878		-				108,878
Infrastructure Asset-Roads		335,528		-				335,528
Infrastructure Asset-Networks and subsystems		173,250		-				173,250
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	150,406,773	\$	1,040,837			\$	151,447,610
Less accumulated depreciation for:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				2027 117020
Buildings and Improvements	\$	(36,285,343)	\$	(3,323,917)	\$		\$	(20 600 260)
Furniture and Equipment	•	(9,583,873)	*	(1,563,114)	Ψ	6,323	Φ	(39,609,260) (11,140,664)
Capital Lease-Furniture and Equipment		(6,049)		(9,073)		0,525		(15,122)
Infrastructure Asset-Roads		(12,582)		(16,776)				(29,358)
Infrastructure Asset-Networks and subsystems		(,,		(34,650)				(34,650)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(45,887,847)	\$	(4,947,530)	\$	6,323	<u> </u>	(50,829,054)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	104,518,926	\$	(3,906,693)	\$	6,323	\$	100,618,556
Sovernmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	170,137,583	\$	(607,360)	\$	(107,107)	\$	169,423,116
Susiness-type Activities:								
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Furniture and Equipment	\$	233,171	\$	_	\$	_	\$	233,171
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	233,171	\$	-	\$		\$	233,171
Less accumulated depreciation for:						 .	<u> </u>	233,171
Furniture and Equipment	\$	(49,729)	\$	(13,750)	\$	-	\$	(63,479)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(49,729)	\$	(13,750)	\$	-	\$	(63,479)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		183,442		(13,750)				169,692
usiness-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	183,442	\$	(13,750)	\$		\$	169,692

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,674,299
Instructional resources and media services	48,591
Staff Development	2,771
Instructional Leadership	1,424
School Leadership	59,191
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	-
Student transportation	478,388
Food Services	119,832
Co-curricular/extracurricular activities	421,050
General administration	54,156
Plant Maintenance and operations	42,176
Security and monitoring services	12,924
Data processing services	24,837
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	1,568
Total depreciation expenses - governmental activities	\$ 4,941,207
•	
Business-type Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 13,750
Total depreciation expenses - Business-type activities	\$ 13,750

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2015 is as follows:

Due To			Due From	
General Fund	\$ 4:	57,700	General Fund	\$ -
Clearing Funds(General Fund)		-	Special Revenue Funds	457,700
Capital Projects Fund		-	Capital Projects Fund	-
Special Revenue Funds			Debt Service Fund	
Subtotal	4:	57,700	Subtotal	 457,700
Proprietary Fund Types		_	Proprietary Fund Types	_
Trust and Agency Fund		<u>-</u>	Trust and Agency Fund	
Totals	\$ 45	57,700	Totals	\$ 457,700

The outstanding balances between funds resulted mainly from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between the funds are made. Amounts payable are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Interfund transfers are defined as "flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment". Interfund transfers during the year ended August 31, 2015 were as follows:

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Funds; Transfers In			Tr	ransfers Out
General Fund	\$	4,430,575	\$	6,351,223
Non-Major Funds		_		2,000
Debt Service Fund		1,920,648		·
Enterprise Fund		-		_
Capital Projects		-		_
Priv. P.Trust Funds		2,000		
Totals	\$	6,353,223	\$	6,353,223

The transfer out of the general fund to the enterprise fund was for the purpose of funding personnel costs. The general fund also transferred funds to a special revenue fund for the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program to continue to meet the needs of the students. The general fund transferred funds to the capital projects fund to continue with renovation costs.

NOTE 9 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. As of August 31, 2015, the governmental funds reported deferred inflows of resources for unavailable property taxes in the amount of \$836,025 and unavailable SHARS revenues in the amount of 533,479.

Deferred outflows of resources reported at the government-wide financial statement level included deferred charges on refunding of bonds and deferred outflows related to pensions. As of August 31, 2015, the amount of deferred charges on refunding of bonds reported as deferred outflows of resources was \$2,351,805, net of cumulative amortization of \$418,517. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions is \$2,248,702 and \$2,318,923, respectively.

NOTE 10 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. General Obligations Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds for the governmental activities to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligation and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. Current principal and interest requirements are payable solely from future revenues of the Debt Service Fund which consists principally of property taxes collected by the District and interest earnings.

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Certain outstanding bonds may be redeemed at the par value prior to their normal maturity dates in accordance with the terms of the bond indentures. The District has never defaulted on any principal or interest payment. There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management of the District has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2015.

General obligation and capital appreciation bonds payable at August 31, 2015 are summarized as follows:

Date of Issue	Original Issue	•		Outstanding Balance		
2006	\$ 40,000,000	2036	4.25-5%	\$	970,000	
2010	9,985,000	2040	2.0-4.0%	•	8,940,000	
2011 Ref	8,819,999	2033	2.0-4.0%		8,529,999	
2012	51,185,000	2041	2.0%-7.0%		49,025,000	
2012 Ref	7,790,000	2031	2.0% -4.0%		6,610,000	
2013 Ref	3,990,000	2022	2.0% -4.0%		3,495,000	
2014 Ref	6,180,000	2030	2.0% -4.0%		6,060,000	
2015 Ref	29,745,000	2036	2.0% -4.0%		29,345,000	
			Total	\$	112,974,999	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	rear Ending				
_	August 31	Principal	Interest		Total
	2016	\$ 3,715,000	\$ 4,659,650	\$	8,374,650
	2017	3,770,000) 4,544,794		8,314,794
	2018	3,875,000	4,436,025		8,311,025
	2019	3,334,999	4,959,410		8,294,409
	2020	4,085,000	4,225,138		8,310,138
	2021-2025	21,180,000	18,724,419		39,904,419
	2026-2030	25,150,000	13,730,688		38,880,688
	2031-2035	26,110,000	7,871,675		33,981,675
	2036-2040	18,615,000	2,503,750		21,118,750
	2041	3,140,000	62,800		3,202,800
	Total	\$ 112,974,999	\$ 65,718,349	\$ 3	178,693,348
					

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

B. Tax Notes

Tax notes outstanding at August 31, 2015 are as follows:

Series 2006 Maintenance Tax Note, authorized by Education Code Section 45.108, for maintenance, repair, rehabilitation or replacement of existing school property; February 15, 2007 through February 15, 2016; interest at 3.75 to 4.125%.

\$ 220,000

Series 2010A Maintenance Tax Note, authorized by Education Code Section 45.108, for renovation and remodeling of an existing facility into a transportation complex; February 15, 2011 through February 15, 2019; interest at 3.55%

490,000

Series 2012 Maintenance Tax Note, authorized by Education Code Section 45.108, for the purchase of school buses; February 15, 2013 through February 15, 2017; interest at 1.280%

829,000

Series 2013 Maintenance Tax Note, authorized by Education Code Section 45.108, for the construction of a new Aquatic Center February 15, 2014through February 15, 2028; interest at 2.720%

3,135,000

<u>4,674,000</u>

The tax note debt service requirements to maturity, including interest are as follows:

Fiscal	Year	Ending
--------	------	--------

August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 952,000	\$ 110,350	\$ 1,062,350
2017	747,000	90,691	837,691
2018	340,000	77,894	417,894
2019	350,000	67,452	417,452
2020	225,000	59,092	284,092
2021-2025	1,235,000	197,948	1,432,948
2026-2028	825,000	33,932	858,932
Totals	\$ 4,674,000	\$ 637,359	\$ 5,311,359

The notes are payable both principal and interest from available funds of the District which include the maintenance tax. The District has pledged to levy a tax from the District's maintenance and operation taxing authority.

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

C. Advance and Current Refunding in the Current Year

The District issued \$6,180,000 in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2014 to refund \$6,460,000 of the remaining outstanding balance of the Unlimited Tax School Building bonds Series 2005. The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government, state and local securities that were placed in an escrow account to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide statement of net assets. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$252,277. This amount is shown as deferred outflows of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 25 years by \$762,298 and resulted in an economic gain of \$344,228. At August 31, 2015, the amount of defeased debt outstanding was \$6,460,000.

In addition, the District issued \$29,745,000 in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2015 for a current refunding of \$32,625,000 of the Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2006. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$265,062. This amount is shown as deferred outflows of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The transaction resulted in an economic loss of \$1,265,041 and a reduction of \$32,625,000 in future debt service payments.

D. Advance Refunding in Prior Years

In a prior year, the District defeased the remaining balance of one bond issue. U.S. government, state and local government securities were purchased and placed in an escrow account to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide statement of net position.

Long-term debt liabilities activity for the governmental activities for the year ended August 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Bala	Beginning ince (Restarted)		Additions	_ <u>I</u>	Reductions	 Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$	120,094,508	\$	35,925,000	\$	43,044,509	\$ 112,974,999	\$	3,715,000
Unamortized Bond Premium		5,053,174		5,405,858		697,196	9,761,835		
Accretion On Bonds		754,884		17,304		151,785	620,403		-
Capital Lease Payble		108,878		_		35,911	72,967		
Tax Notes		6,292,000				1,618,000	 4,674,000		952,000
Total	\$	132,303,444	_\$_	41,348,162	\$	45,547,401	\$ 128,104,204	_\$	4,667,000

NOTE 10 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

E. Employee Longevity Pay

The District instituted a local policy which allows certain employees to earn incentive pay for continuous employment every fifth year. Employee longevity pay is generally liquidated by the General Fund. The liability related to longevity pay was estimated based on all qualifying employees at year-end and discounted using a comparable market borrowing rate. The following is the change that occurred during the year:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	Balance	Additions	Reduction	Balance	One Year
Employee Longevity Pay	\$3,714,683	\$ -	\$151,500	\$3,563,183	\$594,500

Reconcilement of long term obligations as reported on Exhibit A-1:

Debt long-term obligation	\$ 128,104,164
Employee Longevity Pay	 3,563,183
Total	\$ 131,667,347
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due within one year	\$ 5,652,009
Due in more than one yer	 126,015,338
Total Exhibit A-1	\$ 131,667,347

NOTE 11 - GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

	CFDA	
Programs or Source	Number	Amount
School Health & Relation Services		\$ 718,733
R.O.T.C.		71,524
Indirect Costs:		
ESEA Title I Part A	84.010A	43,702
ESEA Title I Part C-Migrant	84.011A	4,364
IDEA-Part B, Formula	84.027A	36,708
IDEA-Part B, Preschool	8417A	301
ESEA Title I Part C	84.048A	2,969
Title II, Part A	84.367A	6,142
Title III, Part A-LEP	84.365A	6,633
		\$ 891,076

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of; damage to; and destructions of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the district carries commercial insurance. The District purchases insurance to cover these risks, the more significant of which are general liability insurance in the amount of approximately \$1,000,000 and \$287,427,612 for property insurance. Such insurance is consistent with the prior year, and at August 31, 2015 the District did not have any insurance claims pending.

B. Workmen's Compensation

Employees of the District were covered by a self-funded workmen's compensation program sponsored by the district. All premiums were paid to licensed third party administrator with excess reinsurance. The Plan was documented by contractual agreement.

C. Health Care

The District sponsors a self-insurance plan to provide health care benefits to staff members and their dependents. This plan was authorized by section 21.922 of the Texas Education Code and article 3.51-2 of the Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the internal service fund of the District. The District was protected against unanticipated, catastrophic individual or aggregate loss by stop-loss coverage carried through American Fidelity for the period of May 1, 2014 through April 2015 and American Fidelity for the period of May 2015 through August 31, 2016. Stop-loss coverage will be in effect for annual individual claims exceeding \$100,000 annual aggregate losses exceeding approximately \$6,180,713 and \$6,582,284 respectively for the contract years.

The following is summary of the changes in the balance of claims liabilities for health care for the year ended August 31, 2015.

Liability, Beginning of year	\$ 643,129
Claims incurred duing the period	3,858,298
Payments on claims	(3,920,698)
Liability, end of year	\$ 580,729

D. Medicare Part D - On Behalf Payments for Reporting Entities

Funding Policy The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries, also known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The amount of subsidy reimbursement received by TRS on behalf of the District for the period ending August 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, were estimated at \$ 267,970, \$ 163,443, and \$ 157,629, respectively.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District participates in a number of grant programs funded by State and Federal Agencies. These programs are subject to compliance audits by the grantor agencies or their representative.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Audits of all of these programs for the year ended August 31, 2015 have not been conducted. Accordingly, the District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor agency cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

The District is involved in a legal proceedings arising from its operations. Management in consultation with its attorneys believes the outcome will have no material effect on the District's financial position.

NOTE 14 - SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENT

The District is a member district of various Shared Service Arrangements ("SSA") that improves educational needs of the member districts. The fiscal agent is Sharyland ISD which also provides services to other school districts within the Region One service area. The fiscal agent receives the program fund from the granting agent and retains a portion of the monies for the administrative services provided by the fiscal agent for the shared arrangement. The fiscal agent records the receipt of the monies and the related disbursement activity in the appropriate shared services arrangement special revenue fund. The member districts record all of the activity in the appropriate special revenue fund. The fiscal agent files the necessary federal reports. According to the guidance provided in TEA's FASRG, the District has accounted for the activities in accordance with Model 1 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

A. Plan Description

The Sharyland Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution.

The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

B. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

C. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. It also added a 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees effective for fiscal year 2015 as discussed in Note 1 of the TRS 2014 CAFR. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015.

Contribution Rates

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Member	6.4%	6.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%

Contributions for the year ended August 31, 2014 (the measurement date) are as follows:

District Contributions	\$ 719,503
Member Contributions	\$ 3,387,920
NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$ 2,910,163

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a
 privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

NOTE 15 – PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

• When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, when employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2014 (the measurement date) actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2014
----------------	-----------------

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll,

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5 year Market Value

Discount Rate 8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return* 8.00%

Salary Increases* 4.25% to 7.25%

Weighted-Average at Valuation Date 5.55% Payroll Growth Rate 3.50%

*Includes Inflation of 3%

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2010 and adopted on April 8, 2011. With the exception of the post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives and a minor change to the expected retirement age for inactive vested members stemming from the actuarial audit performed in the Summer of 2014, the assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation. When the mortality assumptions were adopted in 2011 they contained a significant margin for possible future mortality improvement. As of the date of the valuation there has been a significant erosion of this margin to the point that the margin has been eliminated. Therefore, the post-retirement mortality rates for current and future retirees was decreased to add additional margin for future improvement in mortality in accordance with the Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 35.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2014 are summarized below:

Non-U.S. Developed 13% 7.30% 1.1% Emerging Markets 9% 8.10% 0.9% Directional Hedge Funds 4% 5.40% 0.2% Private Equity 13% 9.20% 1.4% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 11% 2.90% 0.3% Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return*
Non-U.S. Developed 13% 7.30% 1.1% Emerging Markets 9% 8.10% 0.9% Directional Hedge Funds 4% 5.40% 0.2% Private Equity 13% 9.20% 1.4% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 11% 2.90% 0.3% Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return Global Inflation Linked Bonds 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity Risk Parity Risk Parity S% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Global Equity			
Non-U.S. Developed 13% 7.30% 1.1% Emerging Markets 9% 8.10% 0.9% Directional Hedge Funds 4% 5.40% 0.2% Private Equity 13% 9.20% 1.4% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 11% 2.90% 0.3% Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	U.S.	18%	7.00%	1.4%
Emerging Markets 9% 8.10% 0.9% Directional Hedge Funds 4% 5.40% 0.2% Private Equity 13% 9.20% 1.4% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 11% 2.90% 0.3% Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return 0 0.0% 0.0% Real Return 0 0.0% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Non-U.S. Developed	13%		1.1%
Directional Hedge Funds 4% 5.40% 0.2% Private Equity 13% 9.20% 1.4% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 11% 2.90% 0.3% Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return 0% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Emerging Markets	9%	8.10%	0.9%
Private Equity 13% 9.20% 1.4% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 11% 2.90% 0.3% Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Directional Hedge Funds	4%	5.40%	
U.S. Treasuries 11% 2.90% 0.3% Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Private Equity	13%	9.20%	
Absolute Return 0% 4.00% 0.0% Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return Global Inflation Linked Bonds 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Stable Value	,		
Stable Value Hedge Funds 4% 5.20% 0.2% Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return Global Inflation Linked Bonds 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	U.S. Treasuries	11%	2.90%	0.3%
Cash 1% 2.00% 0.0% Real Return 0.0% 0.0% Global Inflation Linked Bonds 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Absolute Return	0%	4.00%	0.0%
Real Return Global Inflation Linked Bonds 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5.20%	0.2%
Global Inflation Linked Bonds 3% 3.10% 0.0% Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%		1%	2.00%	0.0%
Real Assets 16% 7.30% 1.5% Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Real Return			
Energy and Natural Resources 3% 8.80% 0.3% Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	3.10%	0.0%
Commodities 0% 3.40% 0.0% Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Real Assets	16%	7.30%	1.5%
Risk Parity Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Energy and Natural Resources	3%	8.80%	
Risk Parity 5% 8.90% 0.4% Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Commodities	0%	3.40%	
Alpha 0% 0.00% 1.0%	Risk Parity			
1,070	Risk Parity	5%	8.90%	0.4%
T 1	•	0%	0.00%	1.0%
Total 100% 8.7%	Total	100%	_	

^{*} The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTE 15 – PENSION PLAN OBLIGATION (Continued)

G. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2014 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.0%)	Discount Rate (8.0%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.0%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,546,044	\$ 7,580,584	\$ 3,119,531

H. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$7,580,580 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability at August 31, 2014, the measurement date. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	7,580,580
State's proportionate share that is associated with District		30,726,532
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>38,307, 116</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014.

At August 31, 2014, the measurement date, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0283796%. Since this is the first year of implementation, the District does not have the proportion measured as of August 31, 2013. The Notes to the Financial Statements for August 31, 2014 for TRS stated that the change in proportion was immaterial and, therefore, disregarded this year.

NOTE 15 – PENSION PLAN OBLIGATION (Continued)

For the year ended August 31, 2014, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,840,611 and revenue of \$2,840,611 for support provided by the state.

There were no changes of benefit terms disclosed during the measurement period.

There was a change in District's contribution requirements that occurred after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the employer's reporting date. A 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees went into law effective September 1, 2014. The amount of the expected resultant change in the employer's proportion cannot be determined at this time.

At August 31, 2015, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension items at the August 31, 2015 measurement date, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience, net	\$	117,236	\$	
Changes in actuarial assumptions, net		492,746		-
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings, net				2,316,936
Changes in proportion and difference				
between the employer's contributions and the]
proportionate share of contributions, net		_		1,987
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,638,720		
Total	\$	2,248,702	\$	2,318,923

\$1,638,720 of contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date are classified as deferred outflows of resources and will reduce pension liability in the next fiscal year. The remaining deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions noted above will be amortized and recognized in pension expense in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLAN OBLIGATION (Continued)

Year Ended August 31,	Pension Expense Amount	
2016	\$(476,665)	
2017	(476,665)	
2018	(476,665)	
2019	(476,665)	
2020	(102,569)	
Thereafter	95,150	

NOTE 16 - RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description. The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS-Care Retired Plan provide health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS web site at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively.

The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1% and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For the years ended August 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, the State's contributions to TRS-Care were \$563,281, \$529,362, and \$255,897, respectively, the active member contributions were \$366,133, \$344,087, and \$320,041, respectively, and the District's contributions were \$309,805, \$291,150, and \$270,806 respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTE 17 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

At August 31, 2015, the District had the following construction commitments.

Project Name	Contract Amount	Amount Expended	emaining mmitment
New Sharyland Pioneer High School	\$ 41,101,671	\$ 40,662,424	\$ 439,247
Replacement Field Turf	621,503	572,870	48,633
Pioneer High School Ag Facility	36,756	10,800	25,956
	\$ 41,759,930	\$ 41,246,094	\$ 513,835

NOTE 18 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In accordance with the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions in fiscal year 2015, the District must record its proportionate share of the net pension liability related to its contributions to the TRS cost-sharing pension plan at the beginning of the measurement period ending August 31, 2014. The effect of this change in accounting principle resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$8,588,835.

The District's beginning balance for deferred outflows was corrected resulting in a prior period adjustment of \$345,107.

The District over accrued payroll for one of its funds in the prior year. The correction resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$287,491.

A prior period entry was made to record SHARS revenue that was earned in the prior year in the amount of \$533,479.

The net effect of these adjustments was to reduce beginning net position by \$7,422,758.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has considered all subsequent events through the date of this report, January 15, 2016.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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SHARYLAND ISD

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Da [*]	ta ntrol	•	12. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19	•		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With
Cod			Budgeted Au	nounts	_	•		Final Budget Positive or
			Original	Final				(Negative)
	REVENUES:							- ·
5700		\$	32,679,273 \$	33,075,22	2 \$	32,336,297	\$	(738,925
5800	_		53,336,584	51,356,79	6	50,943,512		(413,284
5900	Federal Program Revenues		475,000	875,00	0	891,076		16,076
5020	Total Revenues		86,490,857	85,307,01	 3	84,170,885		(1,136,133
	EXPENDITURES:			· - · ·				
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		47,908,345	48,586,618	}	47,329,139		1,257,479
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,143,730	1,160,451		1,067,383		93,068
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		628,804	798,248	}	562,203		236,045
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,756,105	1,735,839	ŀ	1,729,924		5,915
0023	School Leadership		4,811,319	4,911,407		4,850,374		61,033
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		2,907,238	2,981,760		2,929,488		52,272
0032	Social Work Services		38,297	38,819		38,655		164
0033	Health Services		649,419	649,544		630,780		18,764
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,429,498	3,979,298		2,836,444		1,142,854
0036	Extracurricular Activities		6,128,744	5,994,866		5,790,821		204,045
0041	General Administration		2,403,838	2,512,234		2,470,140		42,094
051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,287,019	9,373,440		9,092,017		•
052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,061,800	1,069,396		975,286		281,423
053	Data Processing Services		857,399	858,004		740,356		94,110
061	Community Services		2,225	2,185		1,862		117,648
	Debt Service:		-,	2,103		1,002		323
071	Principal on Long Term Debt		1,618,000	1,638,250		1,638,129		101
072	Interest on Long Term Debt		147,545	153,045		152,952		121
073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		1,000	1,000		850		93
	Capital Outlay:		1,000	1,000		0.00		150
081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-	803,825		687,781		116.044
	ntergovernmental:			000,023		007,701		116,044
095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		20,000	20,000		11,665		8,335
099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		350,000	430,000		423,585		6,333 6,415
030	Total Expenditures		85,150,325	87,698,229		83,959,834		3,738,395
00	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		1,340,532	(2,391,211)		211,051		
	Expenditures		1,540,552	(2,391,211)		211,031		2,602,262
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					•		
12	Sale of Real and Personal Property		•	-		1,312,955		1,312,955
15	Transfers In		5,174,499	5,174,499		4,430,575		(743,924)
49	Other Resources		-	-		1,794,708		1,794,708
11	Transfers Out (Use)		(7,095,147)	(7,095,147)		(6,351,223)		743,924
80	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,920,648)	(1,920,648)		1,187,015		3,107,663
00	Net Change in Fund Balances		(580,116)	(4,311,859)		1,398,066		5,709,925
00	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		23,239,886	23,527,378		23,239,886		(287,492)
00	Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance		_					-
						287,491		287,491
00	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	22,659,770 \$	19,215,519	\$	24,925,443	\$	5,709,924

SHARYLAND ISD

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

		2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0283796%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,580,584
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		30,726,532
Total	\$	38,307,116
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	52,951,838
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered-Employee Payroll	•	12.64%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	:	51.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the period covered as of the measurement date of August 31, 2014 - the period from September 1, 2013 - August 31, 2014.

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

SHARYLAND ISD SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2015

	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,638,720
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,638,720)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 52,951,838
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.09%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2013 - August 31, 2014.

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

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SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

A. Budgets

The official school original budget was prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types by August 20. The budget was formally adopted by the Board of School Trustees at a duly advertised public meeting prior to the expenditure of funds. The Board also approved amendments throughout the year and the final amended budget by August 31. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level. Annual budgets were adopted for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Debt Service Fund budget comparison schedule is presented in the Other Supplementary Information section of the financial statements.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

C. Pension

Change in Assumptions – The District's proportionate share of changes in actuarial assumptions was \$492,746. \$938,030 was recognized in pension expense for the year.

Benefit Changes – There were no changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

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OTHER INFORMATION

SHARYLAND ISD SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes		
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Rates			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service			
2006 and prior years	\$ 1.475000	\$ 0.090000	\$ Various		
2007	1.347800	0.197300	1,724,948,957		
2008	1.040000	0.145000	2,062,752,544		
009	1.040000	0.145000	2,190,032,687		
010	1.040000	0.160000	2,369,979,571		
011	1.040000	1.600000	2,465,389,109		
012	1.040000	0.160000	2,498,024,884		
013	1.040000	0.245500	2,571,598,518		
014	1.170000	0.115500	2,709,775,536		
O15 (School year under audit)	1.170000	0.165500	2,711,846,739		
000 TOTALS					

 (10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2014	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2015
\$ 350,017 \$	- \$	18,447	2,676	(11,339) \$	317,555
68,628	-	5,166	756	(2,303)	60,403
68,131	-	6,738	939	(3,669)	56,785
108,699	-	13,099	1,826	(2,685)	91,089
205,046	-	30,625	4,712	646	170,355
255,148	-	47,625	7,327	(9,243)	190,953
222,451	-	73,630	11,328	960	138,453
392,999	-	118,874	28,061	(13,840)	232,224
1,040,170	-	474,174	46,809	(87,729)	431,458
-	35,638,268	30,878,508	4,367,859	779,239	1,171,140
\$ 2,711,289 \$	35,638,268 \$	31,666,886 \$	4,472,293 \$	650,037 \$	2,860,415

SHARYLAND ISD

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts		unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Coc	es — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Original	-	Final			Negative)	
	REVENUES:								,
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,965,300	\$	1,925,300	\$	1,704,315	\$	(220,985)
5800	State Program Revenues		30,000		95,000		99,453		4,453
5900	Federal Program Revenues		3,900,000		4,062,000		3,794,939		(267,061)
5020	Total Revenues		5,895,300		6,082,300		5,598,707		(483,593)
	EXPENDITURES:								
0035	Food Services		5,460,300		5,757,300		5,575,544		181,756
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		431,500		321,500		230,904		90,596
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		3,500		3,500		2,969		531
6030	Total Expenditures		5,895,300		6,082,300		5,809,417		272,883
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		_		-		(210,710)		(210,710)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-		620,396		620,396		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	620,396	\$	409,686	\$	(210,710)

SHARYLAND ISD

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	ntrol	Budgeted	l Am	ounts		ctual Amounts SAAP BASIS)	F	riance With
Cod	des	 Original		Final				Positive or (Negative)
	REVENUES:	 		<u> </u>				
5700 5800	2 orași 2 orași anta înterintediate codiceo	\$ 4,423,034 2,306,604	\$	4,529,375 1,931,624	\$	4,444,321 1,931,624	\$	(85,054) -
5020	Total Revenues	6,729,638		6,460,999		6,375,945		(85,054)
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:	 		,				
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	3,439,509		4,110,000		4,110,000		-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	5,205,777		4,529,286		4,528,384		902
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	 5,000		337,779	_	319,545		18,234
6030	Total Expenditures	8,650,286		8,977,065		8,957,929		19,136
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,920,648)		(2,516,066)		(2,581,984)	_	(65,918)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
7911	Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)	-		35,925,000		35,925,000		-
7915	Transfers In	1,920,648		1,920,648		1,920,648		-
	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-		5,169,797		5,169,797		-
8949	Other (Uses)	 -		(40,749,379)	((40,749,379)		
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,920,648		2,266,066		2,266,066		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	•		(250,000)		(315,918)		(65,918)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-		1,133,289		1,133,289		<u>-</u>
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ -	\$	883,289	\$	817,371	\$	(65,918)

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OVERALL COMPLIANCE, INTERNAL CONTROLS, AND FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Sharyland Independent School District Mission, Texas 78572

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sharyland Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SISD basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2016

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be

material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

LONG CHILTON, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Long Chilton, LXP

McAllen, Texas January 15, 2016



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Trustees of Sharyland Independent School District Mission, Texas 785272

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sharyland Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Sharyland Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015. Sharyland Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Sharyland Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sharyland Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sharyland Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Sharyland Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Sharyland Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Sharyland Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sharyland Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

LONG CHILTON, LLP Certified Public Accounts

Long Chilton, ZZP

McAllen, Texas January 15, 2016

SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Section I - Summa	ry of Auditor's Results
Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: • Material weakness(es) identified?	yes _X no
 Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements not	ted?yes _X_ no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yesX_ no
Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	yesX_no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance or major programs:	Unmodified
dentification of major programs:	
CFDA number (s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
FDA#10.553, CFDA#10.555	USDA Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Commodities (Non-cash)
pollar threshold used to distinguish etween type A and type B programs:	\$ 300,000
uditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes no

SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

·	Section II - Financial Statement Findings	
None.		

SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
PROGRAM	DESCRIPTION		
None.			

SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) CORRECTIVE ACTION

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

	Section II – Financial Statement Findings
PROGRAM	STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDING/
	NONCOMPLIANCE
None.	
Section II	I - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs
	1
Section II PROGRAM	I - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDING/ NONCOMPLIANCE

SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2015

Financial Statements

	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
Reference No.: 2014-1	District personnel did not follow the prescribed procurement process.
	The District has revised its' procurement policies and procedures in the past year. All purchases over \$50,000 require competitive bidding and Board approval. In regards to construction activity the District is consulting with their Engineer and Architect. All documentation is being maintained and proper level of approvals are being obtained before payments are issued.

SHARYLAND ISD

. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015						
(1) FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	(2) Federal CFDA Number	(3) Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(4) Federal Expenditures			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE		<u> </u>	1			
Direct Programs						
JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICEER TRAINING CORP.	12.998	108-911	\$ 71,524			
Total Direct Programs			\$ 71,52 4			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			\$ 71,524			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Programs						
Project Start	84.215E	108911	\$ 25,124			
Total Direct Programs			\$ 25,124			
Passed Through State Department of Education						
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total CFDA Number 84.010A	84.010A 84.010A 84.010A	15610101108911 16610101108911 16 -Pass Through #	\$ 9,313 1,638,578 85,732 1,733,623			
ESEA, Title I, Part C - Migratory Children	84.011A	15615001108911	163,271			
ESEA, Title I, Part C - Migratory Children	84.011A	16 -Pass Through #	4,955			
Total CFDA Number 84.011A			168,226			
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	156600011089116600	1,221,931			
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	166600011089116600	128,100			
Total CFDA Number 84.027			1,350,031			
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	156610011089116610	11,278			
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,361,309			
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	15420006108911	107,196			
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	16420006108911	4,615			
Total CFDA Number 84.048			111,811			
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	15671001108911	5,841			
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A 84.365A	16671001108911 14671003108911	313,151			
Total CFDA Number 84.365A	01.50511	14071005100511	39,001 357,993			
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	15604501100011				
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	15694501108911 16694501108911	249,758 14,048			
Total CFDA Number 84.367A			263,806			
SUMMER SCHOOL LEP	84.369A	69551402	7,700			
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			\$ 4,004,468			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ 4,029,592			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services						
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778		\$ 718,734			
Total Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services	,,,,,		\$ 718,734 \$ 718,734			
•						
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	\$ 718,734					

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture

SHARYLAND ISD

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

(1) FEDERAL GRANTOR/	(2) Federal	(3) Pass-Through		(4)
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	CFDA Number	Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401501		755,453
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance Total CFDA Number 10.555	10.555 10.555	71301501 71301501		2,913,323 126,162 3,039,485
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				3,794,938
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			\$	3,794,938
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$	3,794,938
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		•	\$	8,614,788

^{*}Clustered Programs

SHARYLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended August 31, 2015

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Sharyland ISD and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Sharyland ISD		Fiscal Year 2015
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	No
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$620,405
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$0
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$7,580,584
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	(\$938,030)



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January 15, 2016

To the Board of Trustees Sharyland Independent School District Mission, TX

Re: Communication with those Charged with Governance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sharyland Independent School District for the year ended August 31, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB Circular A-133, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 27, 2015. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 2 to the financial statements. As described on Note 2 to the financial statements, the District has implemented GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were: depreciation of capital assets, the provision for doubtful accounts for property taxes, the accrual of claims incurred but not reported in the worker's compensation and health insurance self-insurance funds.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining their reasonableness in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. The following paragraphs explain management's estimates in more detail.

Management's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts for property taxes is based on the historical collection of prior tax levies.

Depreciation of capital assets is based on the District's established methods and lives of the asset over the term of its use.

Management's estimate of claims for health insurance is based on historical trends' factors of the claims paid during an established runoff period, considering stop loss coverage. For worker's compensation, management uses estimates made by the actuary who uses claims paid, adjusters' estimates for incurred but not reported claims, stop loss coverage, etc...

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The attached schedule summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 15, 2016.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to our retention as auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the District Contributions Teacher Retirement System, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of Sharyland Independent School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

LONG CHILTON, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Long Chilton, LXP